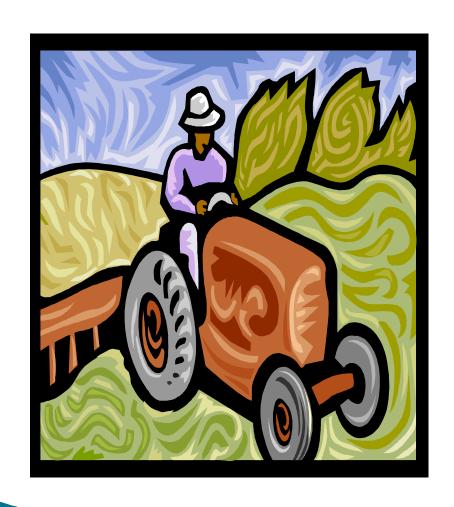
# The Cataloger and the Archivist Should Be Friends

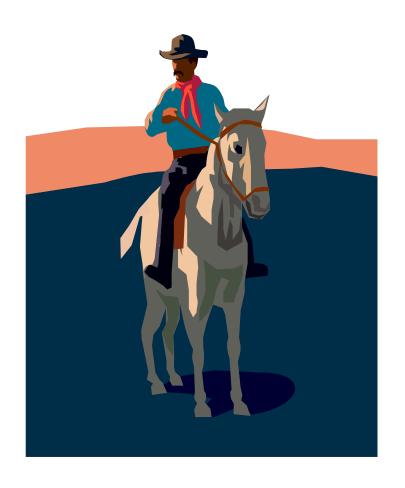
or, Herding vs. Milking Special Collections

Margaret Nichols

RBMS, June 24, 2010

#### The farmer and the cowman





# ISAD(G)

- Summarizing the overall characteristics of a collection of material
- Hitting the highlights, usually not concerned with minute detail or with extensive transcription
- Description often has multiple levels

# ISAD(G) contents include:

# MULTILEVEL DESCRIPTION IDENTITY STATEMENT AREA

Title
Date(s)

#### **CONTEXT AREA**

Administrative / Biographical history Archival [custodial] history Immediate source of acquisition or transfer

# ISAD(G) contents, cont.

#### **CONTENT AND STRUCTURE AREA**

Scope and content

Appraisal, destruction and scheduling information

Accruals

System of arrangement

#### **CONDITIONS OF ACCESS AND USE AREA**

Conditions governing access/reproduction Language/scripts of material Finding aids

#### **ISBD**

- Precisely identifying a manifestation and distinguishing it from other manifestations of the same work
- Emphasis on transcription
- Definitive description at a single level

#### ISBD contents include:

Title and statement of responsibility area Edition area

Publication, production, distribution, etc. area

Physical description area

Series area

Note area

Appendix A. Multi-level description [for multi-part resource only]

#### Fundamental differences

- Differing views of the importance of transcription
- Differing views of the importance of the title
- Differing concepts of creator/author
- Standardization vs. flexibility

### Different "material worlds"

- Archives: vast range of types of material; broad range of subjects; geographical, chronological, and linguistic range may be narrow; more material documenting "ordinary" lives
- Rare books: narrow range of types of material; broad range of subjects; broader geographical, chronological, and linguistic range; may be more highbrow in focus

### Different thesauri

Book catalogers: RBMS Controlled Vocabularies; MARC Relator Terms

Archivists: Art and Architecture Thesaurus

Both: LCSH

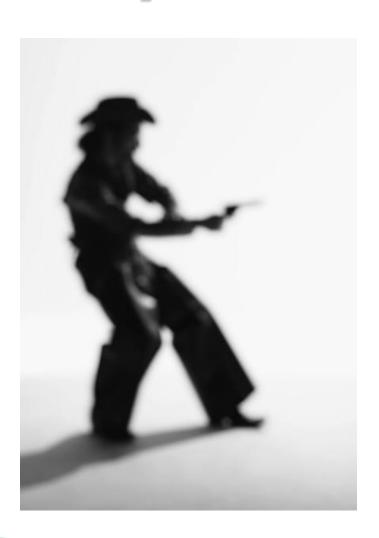
# Historical cataloging conditions

- Separate RLIN files for different formats
- Separate cultures
- Different training

### And one more difference ...



# Personality differences



## Forces for convergence

 More collection-level cataloging of print materials

- The rise of metadata
- Digitization projects
- Tightening security

# "Territory folks should stick together"

- Both deal with weird exceptions
- Both apply a knowledge of historical context
- Both have to balance depth with speed
- Both catalog for multiple types of users

#### How to communicate better?

- More consultation across formats
- Meeting grounds: collections of print material, bound manuscripts
- Metadata conversations
- Cataloging cosmopolitanism

# Format can be ambiguous



#### The future: cowman farmers?

