

AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION  
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE

AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION  
OFFICIAL FILE

10:00<sup>a.m.</sup> - 12:00 p.m.

Minutes of Meeting, Friday, June 17, 1977, Detroit, Michigan

Present: H. Vail Deale (chairperson), Mohammed M. Aman, E. J. Josey, Irving Lieberman, Jean Lowrie, Anne Pellowski, Theodore Welch, Jane Wilson (staff liaison).

Absent: Theodore Waller

Visitors: Richard A. Steele, Jane P. Franck, Bob Halcums, Lian Tie Kho, Thangam R. Iyer, Mya Thanda Poe, Maung Kyan Thet, Mohan B. Gadre, Warren Tsuneishi.

The meeting was called to order by Chairperson Deale. Jean Lowrie was appointed secretary for the session.

1. Minutes of the Midwinter 1977 meeting were approved.
2. The report of the ALSC/IRC prepared by Peggy Sullivan, ALSC President, was read by the Executive Secretary Mary Jane Anderson (attached). The proposal for a ALSC mission to study library service to children in the USSR was distributed to committee members. ALA has been notified by the State Department that the Soviets wish to postpone the mission until Spring 1978 and, in the meantime, send a delegation of Soviet librarians to the U.S. to "work for peace".
3. The report of the International Relations Officer, Jane Wilson, was presented (attached). Special attention was called to the last page of the report calling for committee action in preparing a draft policy for the Association in the area of international relations.

Chairperson Deale expressed special thanks to the work of the IRO. It appears that better communication is needed between the IRC and the office of the Executive Director in relationship to outside international activities. (See Minutes, June 22, item 8). The committee members requested that the chairperson write to the Executive Director expressing this concern.

4. Discussion on the 1977-78 President's Program on National Information Policy (Annex II) reiterated the need for a stronger international relations policy; raised the question of how ALA fits into the program of NATIS and UNISIST and UNESCO's effort to pull all information services together.

It was moved (Aman) and seconded (Josey):

"That the IRC and IRRIT consider the possibility of co-sponsoring a program meeting at the 1978 Chicago Conference, on the subject of UNISIST, NATIS, and other national information systems, and how they might relate to the concerns as expressed by incoming President Eric Moon in his memo of April 4, 1977".

5. The Resolution on Racism and Sexism Awareness (Annex I) was presented and the background for the letter from IFC was discussed. Action was postponed until Monday afternoon pending preparation of a statement by J. E. Josey regarding ALA's work with other countries and international libraries and cognizance in the programs of cultural variations.
6. Florence Agreement Protocol (Annex IV). Robert Frase present the background for the Resolution on the Florence Agreement which was sponsored by ALA/IRC. The changes in the Protocol are designed primarily to expand the type of materials (particularly AV) to be included in the removal or reduction of barriers in international trade. This was approved by the UNESCO Conference in Nigeria in November, 1976. ALA urges the support of the President of the USA and the Senate to ratify the Agreement. It was moved (Lowrie) and seconded (Lieberman) that IRC support this Resolution. Carried. (Copy attached). It will also be presented to the Legislative Committee.
7. Membership in IFLA for library associations in developing countries was presented by Jane Wilson (Annex III). Discussion included the possibility of a contribution to IFLA directly to use as it might wish in honor of its 50th anniversary; a need to encourage the State Department to channel money to ALA to support "library causes" overseas; possibility of indicating to IFLA specific countries to whom we would like to give assistance. It was moved and seconded:

"That the IRC propose that ALA honor IFLA's 50th anniversary by making a monetary contribution to be used to aid library development in developing countries". Carried.

An ad hoc committee (Josey, Lieberman, and Lowrie) was adopted to draw up a resolution for Council and to report back on Monday afternoon.

Meeting adjourned.

EXHIBIT I

AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION  
CHILDREN'S SERVICES DIVISION

The international activities and programs of the Children's Services Division of the American Library Association are part of the work of a variety of committees and of major interest to a number of the Division's elected and appointed leaders. One asset to this work should be the newly-voted change of the name of the division to the Association for Library Service to Children, effective at this conference. The new name is intended to make clearer the association's national and international roles in library service to children.

At this conference, the board will be discussing with Robert Wedgeworth, the executive director of ALA, the plan for a U. S. State Department-sponsored visit to the U. S. S. R. by four representatives of the Association for Library Service to Children (ALSC.) This project is a direct outgrowth of the visit of three American librarians in 1976, in which it was agreed that the next project of this kind should be concerned with the library specialization with which both nations are deeply concerned: service to children. The proposal is presently being reviewed, but it is hoped that the travel may be scheduled during the summer of 1977.

Meetings of the International Federation of Library Associations have usually attracted representatives of CSD, and the tradition will continue, with Mary Jane Anderson, ALSC executive secretary, <sup>Barbara Rollock and Jean Coleman</sup> presenting a paper in Brussels later this year. The Association is one of the ALA divisions entitled to name a delegate to that conference, and will do so.

Ms Anderson and others interested in librarianship with emphasis on service to children will also participate in the Loughborough Children's Literature Conference, an international gathering which is scheduled for The

Hague in 1977. These and other activities point up the long tradition of this division's international interests and the fact that library service for children and children's literature are individual aspects, but both are of general interest to us.

The International Board on Books for Young People looks to the Children's Book Council and the ALSC for support in the U. S. Both groups cooperate in supporting this international work, and the Friends of IBBY, organized in the U. S. several years ago, is showing modest growth with an enthusiastic attendance at its annual meeting, held during the ALA Midwinter meeting in Washington, and featuring several talks of international interest, including an informal report by Zena Sutherland on her experiences as an IBBY juror in the selection of the recipient of the Hans Christian Andersen Award in 1976. Ms Sutherland has been nominated to serve in this capacity again in 1977. Virginia Haviland, long known for her great interest and activity in international programs in librarianship, is president of the Friends of IBBY, which provides financial and moral support to the financially hard-pressed International Board. Nearly thirty members of CSD attended IBBY's biennial Congress in Athens, Greece last September.

In March, 1977, the nominations for the 1978 Hans Christian Andersen Award were announced by the CSD committee responsible for their selection. Paula Fox, author of the 1974 Newbery Medal-winning The Slave Dancer (Bradbury, 1973), and Leo and Diane Dillon, illustrators of the 1976 Caldecott Medal-winning Why Mosquitoes Buzz in People's Ears and the 1977 Caldecott Medal-winning Ashanti to Zulu: African Traditions (both published by Dial), are the nominees. At the same time, Natalie Babbit's Tuck Everlasting (Farrar, Straus & Giroux) and Margot Zemach's Hush Little Baby (E. P. Dutton & Co.) were selected as U. S. representatives on the International Honors List. That list and the winner of the Hans Christian Andersen Award will be announced at the IBBY Congress in 1978.

Selection of children's books of international interest, as is required in the Andersen nominations and in the work of the ALSC International Relations Committee, requires special skills, since the international appeal of the books must be considered, in addition to their general excellence. Over the years, a large number of CSD members have had the opportunity to gain this expertise and to use it in many ways as a result of their work on that committee and others. Amy Kellman has served as chairman of CSD's IRC in 1976-1977.

Festive events seem always to be a part of the international work of our division. One of these this year was the lecture by Shigeo Watanabe of Japan at Boise State University on April 28. A division committee selects from applicants the site for this Arbuthnot Honor Lecture, named for the internationally-known expert in literature for children, May Hill Arbuthnot, and sponsored by her publisher, Scott, Foresman. The intent of the lecture is to bring a major speaker to a location where he might otherwise not be able to appear and, through Top of the News, to make the lecture available to a wider audience of readers. David Green of Boise State University coordinated the planning for the 1977 lecture. Even before it took place, the name of the 1978 Arbuthnot lecturer had been announced: Uriel Ofek of Israel. A site for his lecture will be selected soon by the ALSC committee responsible for this. John Donovan of the Children's Book Council has dramatized by his continuing leadership of this committee the strong bond of cooperation that holds between CBC and ALSC.

Another festive event in April was the observance of Hans Christian Andersen's birthday on April 2, International Children's Book Day, with the announcement of the 1977 Batchelder Award. This year, the major observance was at the Skokie Public Library, and Mildred Batchelder, long-time executive secretary of the Children's Services Division and its predecessor groups in

ALA, was present for the occasion. She and Jean Karl, editor of Atheneum, the publisher of Cecil Bødker's The Leopard, spoke on this occasion. The presentation of the award will be made to Atheneum at this conference.

It is probably worth noting that at this time a select committee has been named, and has begun work on the evaluation of all of the division's activities in the selection and evaluation of media. This, of course, includes the work of the various activities mentioned here, but it may be assumed that there will be no significant change in the thrust of interest in international aspects of library service to children and children's literature on the part of ALSC.

The activities mentioned here have been those most distinctively identified with the Children's Services Division, now the Association for Library Service to Children. It goes without saying that correspondence is conducted with persons and groups in other countries, that some ALSC members are from the international community, and that visitors from other countries are not only welcomed, but assisted in their planning for travel in the U.S., by Mary Jane Anderson and other division leaders. A current project of the ALSC IRC is the preparation of information for persons interested in library work with children who may wish to visit other countries and who need information on whom or what organizations to communicate with in their planning.

Prepared by Peggy Sullivan, President  
Children's Services Division, ALA  
June, 1977

REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OFFICER ON ALA'S  
INTERNATIONAL INVOLVEMENT 1976-1977

This is the first annual report of the International Relations Officer (IRO) since the newly created position was filled in January 1976. The IRO is responsible for handling the routine international relations activities at ALA headquarters, including serving as staff liaison to the International Relations Committee (IRC) and the International Relations Round Table (IRRT). The IRO serves as a liaison for international activities with other national, regional and local library organizations and, at the same time, coordinates the ALA's international relations activities and interests with IFLA and other international organizations, with the Department of State and its associated agencies and with related library organizations.

During the period January 1976-July 1976, much of the time of the IRO was devoted to three areas: with becoming acquainted with ALA as a staff member; with the various international components of the Centennial Conference; and with the preparation for the Department of State of a proposal for a planning mission to the Soviet Union to explore the possibility of establishing a series of exchange programs between Soviet and United States librarians. All of the international aspects of the Centennial Conference seemed to have been a great success; indeed, some 86 librarians from around the world joined the Association for the Celebration.

Mission to the U.S.S.R.

The proposal to the Department of State's Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs met with approval and a three-member delegation of U.S. librarians, headed by Robert Wedgeworth, ALA Executive Director, visited 16 institutions in the U.S.S.R. from November 14-27, 1976, as guests of the Ministry of Culture. Other members of the delegation were Nathalie Delougaz (Library of Congress) and Susan K. Martin (University of California, Berkeley). The report of the Mission was issued in late January 1977 and recommended that the Association pursue the possibility of holding a joint Soviet-United States Seminar on Library and Information Services in 1978 or 1979 in the United States. At its January 1977 meeting, the ALA Executive Board authorized the Executive Director to pursue the possibility of organizing such a seminar. Since January, the introduction to the report containing the delegation's impression of Soviet libraries and librarianship has appeared almost in its entirety in LEADS, the publication of the International Relations Round Table, while another extract from the report, which includes all of the itinerary with the exception of the descriptions of the Leningrad Public Library and the various youth and children's libraries visited by delegation, appeared in the July-August 1977 issue of SPECIAL LIBRARIES.

In March, 1977, at the suggestion of the Department of State, a second proposal was prepared, this time in conjunction with Mary Jane Anderson, Executive Secretary, Children's Services Division, for a four-member delegation of librarians to visit the U.S.S.R. in the summer or fall of 1977. This group will be concerned solely with library service to children, one of the areas the earlier delegation indicated would be fruitful for an exchange of experience. The Association is presently waiting to learn if the Soviets are agreeable to such a mission.

IFLA (INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF LIBRARY ASSOCIATIONS AND INSTITUTIONS)

In many ways, this has been the year of IFLA for the IRO. In late August, the Officer attended the IFLA General Council Meeting in Lausanne, Switzerland, preceded by a visit to UNESCO in Paris, and to Brussels, scene of this year's World Congress of Librarians. At Lausanne one of the main items of business was the restructuring of the organization. The ALA Executive Director officially represented the ALA at the meeting and, at the closing Plenary Session, he delivered a statement on the occasion of the ALA's 100th anniversary, followed by a slide presentation giving an impressionistic view of the history of library services in the U.S.

Following the IFLA Council meeting and the receipt in ALA headquarters of an "official" copy of the revised statutes, the Executive Director and the IRO prepared a report on the IFLA meeting for presentation to the fall Executive Board meeting which reported on the meeting proper as well as on the structural changes. As a result of these changes, it became necessary for the U.S. member associations of IFLA to establish some form of a U.S. IFLA Committee so that both the IFLA dues and votes could be apportioned equitably among the member associations.

On November 8, 1976, representatives of the seven U.S. member associations of IFLA (including the Executive Director and the IRO) met in New York City and arrived at a consensus on these matters, final action on which was referred to the executive boards of the various associations. The IRC considered this matter during the 1977 Midwinter Meeting and the Executive Board approved the various recommendations including: establishment of a U.S. IFLA Committee; apportionment of 9 of the 20 U.S. association member votes to the ALA; ALA IFLA dues of \$3,000.00. The Board also voted to support the nomination by the U.S. member associations of IFLA of a single candidate for the IFLA Executive Board. Specific candidates were given priority ranking and, following such action by all seven associations, Richard Dougherty, University of California, Berkeley, was selected as the U.S. candidate. At its spring meeting, the ALA Executive Board accepted a proposal to allocate 6 of the ALA votes in the IFLA General Council among delegates from various divisions and roundtables. In addition, the Chairman of the IRC, the Executive Director and the ALA President will each have one vote. The divisions and roundtables probably will be selecting their delegates at this conference.

### IFLA SECTION MEMBERSHIPS

During the Midwinter Meeting, the IRO was approached by several ALA members who were active in IFLA and wished to be candidates for one of the IFLA Section Standing Committees. Since IFLA requires that each candidate have three nominations before their name is placed on the ballot, a list of U.S. Association and institutional members by section was requested from the Hague to assist these persons in finding sponsors. This list showed that as of 2 February 1977, only 21 U.S. institutions, out of a total of 116, had signed up for section membership. The Association felt that many U.S. institutions might wish to participate more actively in IFLA affairs but were unaware of the need to register in sections in order to do so. A memo, with the appropriate information and necessary forms, was sent to all U.S. institutional members who had not registered for IFLA section membership. It would appear that possibly 30-40 more institutions registered. At the same time, the IRO served as a coordinator for those wishing to be nominated as candidates for the various standing committees by providing the information as to where they might be able to obtain the necessary three nominations in this country. It now appears that about 26 librarians from the U.S. will be serving on IFLA Standing Committees. Currently, the ALA has a membership in each of the 23 IFLA sections to enable its members to participate actively in section activities. Appropriate ALA divisions, committees and round tables are being asked to select from their membership an "official" ALA voting member who can represent them in the section at the World Congress.

### WORLD CONGRESS OF LIBRARIANS

IFLA will celebrate its 50th anniversary in September with a World Congress of Librarians in Brussels, Belgium. Robert Vosper, (University of California, Los Angeles), IFLA Vice President, is the program chairman. As the result of an exceptionally enthusiastic response to a questionnaire distributed at the Centennial Conference, the Association arranged for two charter flights to the World Congress as a service to its members. Considerable time and energy has been devoted to promoting these charter flights but, unfortunately, membership response has not been as great as anticipated and both charters have had to be cancelled. The Association's travel agent is presently making alternate travel arrangements, which will include the present tour arrangements in the Netherlands and the hotel accommodations for both tours A and B in Brussels, for those who signed up for the charters.

### UNESCO

Since the founding of UNESCO in 1948, the ALA has had a continuing interest in its book and library programs. At the Centennial Conference, the ALA Council passed a resolution on UNESCO initiated by the IRC which urged the U.S. delegation to the 19th UNESCO General Conference to support the proposed protocol to the Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific and Cultural

Materials, known as the Florence Agreement. As follow-up, in mid-October, a letter was sent to all delegates and alternate delegates to the General Conference of UNESCO informing them of the ALA's strong support of this draft protocol. The General Conference approved the text of a protocol (supplement) to the Florence Agreement and the IRC will be considering further action on this matter at this meeting.

In recent years, the Association has been one of many groups concerned with the development within UNESCO of two separate programs in the field of information and library services: NATIS and UNISIST. In October, 1976, the Association received UNESCO Document 19 C/43 which contained two alternate proposals presented by the Director-General of UNESCO for establishing a unified information program. At the same time, the Association received an invitation from the Department of State to participate in a meeting of the Ad Hoc Panel on UNESCO Information Programs to prepare a common position paper for submission to the UNESCO General Conference. Eileen Cooke of the ALA Washington Office and the IRO represented the Association at the meeting. In addition, in October, following U.S. Senate approval of the U.S. delegation members to the Nairobi Conference, the Association wrote each delegate and alternate delegate informing them of the ALA endorsement of a unified program.

During the spring two meetings, chaired by ALA Executive Director, Robert Wedgeworth, were held in Washington, D.C. to consider the creation of a committee within the U.S. to coordinate U.S. interests in the UNESCO unified information program. (A separate report on this development will be available at a later date.)

#### GAC (GOVERNMENT ADVISORY PROGRAM ON INTERNATIONAL BOOK AND LIBRARY PROGRAMS)

During the past year, the Association continued its participation in GAC. Jean Lowrie (Western Michigan University) continued to serve as a member of the Committee; however, David Donovan resigned as the second ALA committee member when he joined the AID staff in September 1976. As required, two names were submitted to the Department of State, one of which was to have been selected as the replacement for David Donovan. In addition, the IRO served as the Association's "Official" Observer to GAC.

Meetings of the Committee were held on October 28, 1976, and February 17, 1977. At the latter meeting, the Executive Director reported on the ALA Mission to the Soviet Union and asked for GAC support of the proposal to organize a Soviet-U.S. Seminar of Librarians in 1978 or 1979. Yale Richmond (Director, Office of Eastern European Programs, Department of State), indicated that, subject to the availability of funding for his office, he would be willing to help defray some of the costs for the Soviet librarians while in this country.

In late March the Association was notified that the Department of State would hold a series of public hearings to consider the necessity for continuing the present advisory committee structure. The hearing on GAC was held on April 5, 1977, and the Association submitted testimony, in the form of a letter, expressing the Association's view that the advisory function of GAC was extremely important in order to assure that the State Department, including the Agency for International Development and the United States Information Agency, maintains a highly visible educational and cultural program in which experts from the private sectors actively participate and urging continuation of the Committee. We understand that, despite strong support from the private sector, the Department of State recommended that GAC be terminated, and the GAC Executive Secretary has been transferred to a new position within the State Department.

Both the April and July 1977 GAC meetings have been cancelled. Though there has been no formal announcement to that effect, we can only conclude that the Committee will be abolished. A mechanism will now have to be evolved so that the U.S. library and information community can more actively work with the above named agencies as they develop programs in the areas of information transfer, books and libraries.

#### OTHER RESPONSIBILITIES

In addition to the activities mentioned previously, the IRO has answered the never-ending correspondence that has been received at headquarters relating to IFLA and other international matters. Many foreign librarians write requesting assistance in planning visits to U.S. libraries or in planning lecture tours. When appropriate, the various executive secretaries are consulted on these matters. Many write seeking information which can be readily answered by using the headquarters library and, at times, the Association seems to be besieged by those from overseas seeking positions in libraries in this country and, at the same time, by U.S. librarians wishing to seek employment in foreign lands. Fortunately, the GUIDE TO LIBRARY PLACEMENT SERVICES, compiled by the Office for Library Personnel Resources, provides information useful to both groups.

Last fall the IRO, at the request of UNESCO, prepared a 1200-word report on the ALA Centennial Conference and all preconference institutes. This account appeared in the January-February 1977 issue of the UNESCO BULLETIN FOR LIBRARIES. Some time has also been spent in working with the State Department and the World Bank in identifying possible consultants for several overseas assignments. Though the travel budget for this position is very limited, the IRO attended the 1976 Conference of the International Association of School Librarianship in Annapolis Junction in August 1976 in conjunction with a GAC meeting. Following the IFLA meeting in Lausanne, the IRO attended both the meeting of the Library Association (U.K.) and SCONUL (Standing Conference of National and University Libraries) in England at the officer's own time and expense. Most recently, the IRO attended the SLA annual conference in New York, whose theme, "Worldwide Information Sources," was most appropriate for one working in the international arena.

PLANNING IN THE AREA OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

As a Council Committee, the IRC is responsible for recommending policy to the Council in the area of international relations, while the IRO assists in carrying out this policy. At the present time, there is little available that adequately defines the Association's current interests and priorities in this area other than the statement of purpose for the Committee appearing in the ALA Handbook of Organization and the several policy statements approved by past ALA Councils relating to International Relations, the one on the "Role of Libraries" being the most germane. Therefore, it would seem appropriate for the IRC within the next year to begin working on the development of a draft policy for the Association in the area of international relations. In so doing the Committee will want to determine what the Association's priorities should be and if, in some areas, the Association should perhaps concentrate its efforts on a specific area of the world. At the same time, policy needs to be established regarding ALA representation at international meetings and to international organizations so that the limited financial resources available for this activity can be used most effectively and the Association can assure some consistency in its representation. In this connection, the Committee will surely want to: 1) develop priorities for attendance and support; 2) develop a means of identifying and nominating qualified persons to represent the Association around the world; 3) develop guidelines for those selected to report back to the Association; and 4) determine if this is an area in which the Association should try to seek outside funding based on the priorities and needs identified by the Committee. In addition, there is also a need for the development of criteria for the selection of consultants to be recommended for overseas assignments.

Preparation of such a policy statement would be an important element in the proposed brochure on international relations, the concept of which was approved at Midwinter. At the same time, implementation of the above suggestion could be made an important segment of the Committee's 1978-79 Plan of Action to be submitted to the Planning Committee early in the Fall. The IRO stands ready to assist the Committee as it develops this much needed document.

Prepared by

Jane Wilson  
ALA International Relations Officer

June 1977

## AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

50 EAST HURON STREET · CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60611 · (312) 944-6780



## RESOLUTION ON THE FLORENCE AGREEMENT PROTOCOL

- WHEREAS, The United States has adhered to the Agreement of the Importation of Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials (known as the Florence Agreement) since 1967; and the reciprocal removal of import duties on publications and other materials as a consequence of such action has resulted in great benefits to libraries in the United States and abroad and to their patrons as well as to other purchasers and users of such materials; and
- WHEREAS, The General Conference of UNESCO meeting in Nairobi, Kenya voted in November, 1976 to approve the text of a Protocol (supplement) to the Florence Agreement; and
- WHEREAS, The Secretary General of the United Nations in March, 1977 officially declared the Protocol open for acceptance by the member states of the United Nations; and
- WHEREAS, The International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions made a major contribution to the final text of the Protocol for the benefit of all types of libraries; and
- WHEREAS, The American Library Association participated actively in the work of the task force of the Government Advisory Committee on International Book and Library Programs of the Department of State in reviewing a draft text of the Protocol and making recommendations on it to United States government agencies in 1975; and
- WHEREAS, The Protocol represents a major step forward in the further removal or reduction of barriers in international trade for educational, scientific and cultural materials by
- Giving to audio, visual and microform materials the same duty free status that the original Agreement gave to published materials.
  - Extending a special provision on libraries in the original Agreement to increase further the ability of libraries of all types to import materials for the use of their patrons.
  - By making a start in reducing various restrictions other than import duties - such as import licenses, foreign exchange licenses, and internal taxes - on educational, scientific and cultural materials;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the American Library Association urges the President of the United States at an early date to recommend to the Senate of the United States that the Protocol be approved as an international treaty; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the American Library Association urge the President in submitting the Protocol to the Senate to recommend the acceptance by the United States of the following optional provisions of the Protocol:

- Appendix C.1 - The more liberal of two optional provisions relating to audio and visual and micro-form materials.
- Part II - The optional provision binding the adhering countries not to impose internal taxes on certain materials. In accepting this provision it would be noted, as did the U.S. Delegation at the preparatory conference in Paris in March, 1976, that the United States could only make this commitment with the respect to federal taxes.
- Part IV - The optional provision binding the adhering countries to grant import licenses and make available foreign exchange for the importation of books and certain other materials by libraries and for educational purposes; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the American Library Association urge that following the approval of the Protocol by the Senate the Secretary of State promptly submit to the House of Representatives and to the Senate a draft of a bill implementing the Protocol by making up the necessary changes in the United States tariff laws; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the American Library Association send this Resolution, adopted by the ALA Council on this 20th day of June, 1977, in Detroit, Michigan, to the President of the United States; to the Secretary of State; to the Assistant Secretary of State for Cultural Affairs; to the Chairman of the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science; to the Librarian of Congress; to the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the U.S. Senate; to the Chairman of the Committee on International Relations of the U.S. House of Representatives; to the Chairman of the Committee on Finance of the U.S. Senate; to the Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives; to the Secretary General of the United Nations; to the Director-General of UNESCO; to the President of the International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions; and to the Chairman of the U.S. National Commission of UNESCO.



ADOPTED by the Council  
of the American Library Association  
June 20, 1977

Transmitted by

Robert Wedgeworth  
Secretary and Executive Director